

1Z0-051^{Q&As}

Oracle Database 11g: SQL Fundamentals I

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QUESTION 1

Which two statements are true regarding constraints? (Choose two.)

- A. A table can have only one primary key and one foreign key.
- B. A table can have only one primary key but multiple foreign keys.
- C. Only the primary key can be defined at the column and table levels.
- D. The foreign key and parent table primary key must have the same name.
- E. Both primary key and foreign key constraints can be defined at both column and table levels.

Correct Answer: BE

QUESTION 2

Which two statements are true about WHERE and HAVING clauses? (Choose two)

- A. A WHERE clause can be used to restrict both rows and groups.
- B. A WHERE clause can be used to restrict rows only.
- C. A HAVING clause can be used to restrict both rows and groups.
- D. A HAVING clause can be used to restrict groups only.
- E. A WHERE clause CANNOT be used in a query of the query uses a HAVING clause.
- F. A HAVING clause CANNOT be used in sub queries.

Correct Answer: BD

B: WHERE clause cannot be use to restrict groups

WHERE clause cannot be use when there is group functions.

D: A HAVING clause can only e used to restrict GROUPS.

Note: HAVING clause to specify which groups are to be displayed and thus further restrict the groups on the basis of aggregate information. The Oracle server performs the following steps when you use the Having clause

1.

rows are grouped

2.

the group function is applied to the group

3.

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the group that match the criteria in the Having clause are displayed.

Incorrect Answers:

- A. Where clause cannot be use to restrict groups
- C. A HAVING clause can only e used to restrict GROUPS.

E. WHERE clause cannot be use when there is group function, instead HAVING is to be use. F. There is no constraint to use HAVING clause in a sub queries.

Refer: Introduction to Oracle9i: SQL, Oracle University Student Guide, Aggregating Data using Group Functions, p. 5-20

QUESTION 3

You need to display the date Il-oct-2007 in words as "Eleventh of October, Two Thousand Seven\\'. Which SQL statement would give the required result?

- A. SELECT TO_CHAR(\\'II-oct-2007\\'. \\'miDdspth "of Month. Year\\') FROM DUAL:
- B. SELECT TO_CHAR(TO_DATE(\\'II-oct-2007\\'X \\'miDdspth of month, year\\') FROM DUAL;
- C. SELECT TO_CHAR(TO_DATE(\\'II-oct-2007\\'), \\'miDdthsp "of* Month. Year\\') FROM DUAL;
- D. SELECT TO_DATE(TO_CHAR(\\'ll-oct-20077fiiiDdspth "of" Month. Year\\')) FROM DUAL:

Correct Answer: A

QUESTION 4

Which two statements are true regarding the ORDER BY clause? (Choose two.)

- A. It is executed first in the query execution.
- B. It must be the last clause in the SELECT statement.
- C. It cannot be used in a SELECT statement containing a HAVING clause.
- D. You cannot specify a column name followed by an expression in this clause.
- E. You can specify a combination of numeric positions and column names in this clause.

Correct Answer: BE

QUESTION 5

Evaluate the SQL statement: TRUNCATE TABLE DEPT;

Which three are true about the SQL statement? (Choose three.)



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- A. It releases the storage space used by the table.
- B. It does not release the storage space used by the table.
- C. You can roll back the deletion of rows after the statement executes.
- D. You can NOT roll back the deletion of rows after the statement executes.
- E. An attempt to use DESCRIBE on the DEPT table after the TRUNCATE statement executes will display an error.
- F. You must be the owner of the table or have DELETE ANY TABLE system privileges to truncate the DEPT table

Correct Answer: ADF

- A: The TRUNCATE TABLE Statement releases storage space used by the table,
- D: Can not rollback the deletion of rows after the statement executes,
- F: You must be the owner of the table or have DELETE ANY TABLE system privilege to truncate the DEPT table.

Incorrect answer: C is not true D is not true E is not true

Refer: Introduction to Oracle9i: SQL, Oracle University Study Guide, 8-18

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