

# 1Z0-1085-22<sup>Q&As</sup>

Oracle Cloud Infrastructure 2022 Foundations Associate

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## QUESTION 1

Which two Oracle Cloud Infrastructure resources can be used to group/categorize expenses?

- A. Policies
- B. Tags
- C. Users
- D. Compartments
- E. Groups

Correct Answer: BD

You can do Costs Analysis in OCI and you can group and filter the cost by Tags or compartments To filter costs by dates To filter costs by tags To filter costs by compartments To remove a compartment or tag filter

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## QUESTION 2

Which Oracle Cloud Infrastructure (OCI) database solution will be most economical for a customer looking to have the elasticity of the cloud with minimal administration and maintenance effort for their DBA team?

- A. OCI Bare Metal DB Systems
- B. OCI Virtual Machine DB Systems
- C. OCI Exadata DB Systems.
- D. OCI Autonomous Database

Correct Answer: C

Exadata DB systems allow you to leverage the power of Exadata within the Oracle Cloud Infrastructure. An Exadata DB system consists of a base system, quarter rack, half rack, or full rack of compute nodes and storage servers, tied together by a high-speed, low-latency InfiniBand network and intelligent Exadata software. You can configure automatic backups, optimize for different workloads, and scale up the system to meet increased demands. Oracle now offers the Zero Downtime Migration service, a quick and easy way to move on-premises Oracle Databases and Oracle Cloud Infrastructure Classic databases to Oracle Cloud Infrastructure. You can migrate databases to the following types of Oracle Cloud Infrastructure systems: Exadata, Exadata Cloud@Customer, bare metal, and virtual machine. Zero Downtime Migration leverages Oracle Active Data Guard to create a standby instance of your database in an Oracle Cloud Infrastructure system. You switch over only when you are ready, and your source database remains available as a standby. Use the Zero Downtime Migration service to migrate databases individually or at the fleet level. See Move to Oracle Cloud Using Zero Downtime Migration for more information. Reference: <https://docs.cloud.oracle.com/en-us/iaas/Content/Database/Concepts/exaoverview.htm>

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## QUESTION 3

Which offers the lowest pricing for storage (per GB)?

- A. Oracle Cloud Infrastructure Object Storage (standard tier)
- B. Oracle Cloud Infrastructure Block Volume
- C. Oracle Cloud Infrastructure Archive Storage
- D. Oracle Cloud Infrastructure File Storage

Correct Answer: C

Oracle Cloud Infrastructure Archive Storage is the lowest pricing for storage (per GB) Reference: <https://www.oracle.com/cloud/storage/pricing.html>

Product	Unit Price	Metric
Block Volume Storage	\$0.0255	GB Storage Capacity / Month
Block Volume Performance Units	\$0.0017	Performance Units Per GB / Month <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• 0 VPUs at \$0 for Lower Cost</li><li>• 10 VPUs at \$0.017 for Balanced</li><li>• 20 VPUs at \$0.034 for Higher Performance</li></ul>
Object Storage - Storage	\$0.0255	GB Storage Capacity / Month
Object Storage - Requests	\$0.0034	10,000 Requests / Month
File Storage	\$0.30	GB Storage Capacity / Month
Archive Storage	\$0.0026	GB Storage Capacity / Month

Archive storage as seen above is the cheapest! Reference: <https://www.oracle.com/cloud/storage/pricing.html>

## QUESTION 4

Which is NOT covered by Oracle Cloud Infrastructure (OCI) Service Level Agreement (SLA)?

- A. Manageability
- B. Performance
- C. Reliability
- D. Availability

Correct Answer: C

<https://www.oracle.com/assets/paas-iaas-pub-cld-srvs-pillar-4021422.pdf> Enterprises demand more than just availability from their cloud infrastructure. Mission-critical workloads also require consistent performance, and the ability to manage, monitor, and modify resources running in the cloud at any time. Only Oracle offers end-to-end SLAs covering performance, availability, manageability of services.

## Availability

Rest assured that your cloud workloads are in continual operation with Oracle's commitments to uptime and connectivity.

## Manageability

The elasticity and configurability of Infrastructure is part of why people move applications to the cloud. Your services need to be manageable all the time to deliver this benefit. Oracle provides manageability SLAs to ensure your ability to manage, monitor, and modify resources.

## Performance

It's not enough for your IaaS resources to be merely accessible. They should consistently perform the way you expect them to. Oracle is the first cloud vendor to guarantee performance, so you can rely on your infrastructure for enterprise applications.

Reference: <https://www.oracle.com/in/cloud/iaas/sla.html>

## QUESTION 5

Which statement is correct regarding the Oracle Cloud Infrastructure Compute services?

- A. When you stop a compute instance, all data on the boot volume is lost
- B. You can attach a maximum of one public IP to each compute instance
- C. You can launch either virtual machines or bare metal instances
- D. You cannot attach a block volume to a compute instance

Correct Answer: C

Oracle Cloud Infrastructure Compute lets you provision and manage compute hosts, known as instances. You can launch instances as needed to meet your compute and application requirements. After you launch an instance, you can access it securely from your computer, restart it, attach and detach volumes, and terminate it when you're done with it. Any changes made to the instance's local drives are lost when you terminate it. Any saved changes to volumes attached to the instance are retained. Oracle Cloud Infrastructure offers both bare metal and virtual machine instances:

- 1) Bare Metal: A bare metal compute instance gives you dedicated physical server access for highest performance and strong isolation.
- 2) Virtual Machine: A virtual machine (VM) is an independent computing environment that runs on top of physical bare metal hardware. The virtualization makes it possible to run multiple VMs that are isolated from each other. VMs are ideal for running applications that do not require the performance and resources (CPU, memory, network bandwidth, storage) of an entire physical machine. An Oracle Cloud Infrastructure VM compute instance runs on the same hardware as a bare metal instance, leveraging the same cloud-optimized hardware, firmware, software stack, and networking infrastructure. Reference: <https://docs.cloud.oracle.com/en-us/iaas/Content/Compute/Concepts/computeoverview.htm>

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