

## 1Z0-882<sup>Q&As</sup>

MySQL 5.6 Developer

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**QUESTION 1**

When working with stored routines, these details are available:

The affected rows count

The number of conditions that occurred

The condition information, such as the error code and message

Where can you find these default?

- A. In the Handler area, defined in the DECLARE handler\_action HANDLER block in a stored routine
- B. In the Signal area, which is set with the help of the SIGNAL statement in a stored routine
- C. In the Diagnostics area, part, of which can be stored in user-defined or routine variables
- D. In the Error area, which can be accessed with the help of the SHOW ERRORS statement

Correct Answer: C

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**QUESTION 2**

You create a new, empty database called `test`. You want to change the database `s CHARACTER SET to "latin1" and the database `s COLLATION to `latin\_german\_ci`.

Which statement is true?

- A. You can do this one command: ALTER DATABASE test CHARACTER SET latin1 COLLATE latin1\_german\_ci
- B. You can only do this with two separate commands: ALTER DATABASE `test` CHARACTER SET latin1 ALTER DATABASE `test` COLLATE latin\_german1\_ci
- C. You cannot change the CHARACTER set or COLLATION value on an existing database.
- D. Databases do not have CHARACTER SET or COLLATION attributes.

Correct Answer: A

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**QUESTION 3**

Consider the statement:

```
CREATE TABLE t1 (a INT) PARTITION BY KEY
```

```
/*150611 ALGORITHM = 1*/
```

What does this statement do?

- A. Create the t1 table partitioned by KEY with the default algorithm in all versions.

B. Create the t1 table partitioned by KEY using algorithm 1 only in MYSQL version 5.6.11 and the default algorithm in other versions.

C. Create the t1 table partitioned by KEY using algorithm 1 only in MYSQL versions 5.6.11 or newer and the default algorithm in older versions.

D. Create the t1 table partitioned by KEY using algorithm 1 only if the preceding statement returned error condition 50611.

Correct Answer: C

## QUESTION 4

Given the data:

colors1		colors2	
id	name	id	name
1	red	1	red
2	blue	2	blue
3	green	3	green
4	gold	5	blue
5	silver	4	green

Expected output: Which query produces the expected output?

name	name
red	red
blue	blue
green	green
blue	blue
green	green
NULL	gold
NULL	silver

- A. SELECT colors2.name, colors1.name FROM colors2 OPTIONAL JOIN colors1 ON colors2.name, colors1.name
- B. SELECT colors2.name, colors1.name FROM colors2 NATURAL JOIN colors1 ON colors2.name=colors1.name
- C. SELECT colors2.name, colors1.name FROM colors2 STRAIGHT JOIN colors1 ON colors2.name, =colors1.name
- D. SELECT colors2.name, colors1.name FROM colors2 LEFT JOIN colors1 ON colors2.name=colors1.name
- E. SELECT colors2.name, colors1.name FROM colors2 RIGHT JOIN colors1 ON colors2.name=colors1.name

Correct Answer: D

## QUESTION 5

An application tracks usage of educational courses in a company. Many people can take one course. Each person can take multiple courses. The data has been stored in one table but it is growing too large. You decide to normalize the table.

What would a normalized data model contain?

- A. Two tables: employee and course, with foreign keys on employee ID and course ID.
- B. Three tables: employee, course, and a table cross-referencing employee IDs and course IDs
- C. Two tables: an employee table with multiple course IDs , and a course table
- D. Four tables: employee, course, courses by employee, and employees by course

Correct Answer: A

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