

1Z0-882^{Q&As}

MySQL 5.6 Developer

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QUESTION 1

Inspect the SELECT query:

Mysql> EXPLAIN SELECT employees. Emp_no, first_name, last_name FROM employees JOIN title WHERE to_date > `2008-10-11\\';

id select_type Extra					possible_keys								
+	-+-		-	+		+		-41-		+		*	
1 SIMPLE	1	employees	1	ALL	NULL	1	NULL	L	NULL	1	NULI,	1	29957
	1	titles	T.	ALL	NULL	1	NULL	1	NULL	13	NULL	10	44200

2 rows in set (0.00 sec) Which action will optimize the query?

- A. Add an index to the employees. emp _no column.
- B. Add the keyword STRAIGHT_JOIN.
- C. Add an index on the to_ date column.
- D. Add the FORCE INDEX (PRIMARY) optimizer hint for the employees table.

Correct Answer: C

QUESTION 2

Which three connector/J connection strings can be used to connect to the MYSQL server?

- A. Jdbc:mysq1://localhost/test?user =xxxandpassword=xxx
- B. Jdbc :mysqli://localhost/test?user=xxxandpassword=xxx
- C. Jdbc :mysql:replication://master,slave1.slave2. /test?user=xxxandpassword=xxx
- D. Jdbc:mysql:proxy://localhost/test?user=xxxandpassword=xxx
- E. Jdbc :mysql:loadbalance://master.slave1,slave2/test?user=xxxandpassword=xxx

Correct Answer: ACE

QUESTION 3

Consider the stored procedure

CREATE PROCEDURE param_test (



IN P_in INT,

OUT P_out INT,

INPUT P_inout INT)

BEGIN

SELECT P_in, P_out, P_ inout;

SET P_in, P_inout

END

You execute a series of commands:

```
mysql> SET @v_in = 0, @v_out = 0, @v_inout = 0;
mysql> CALL param_test(@v_in, @v_out, @v_inout);
mysql> SELECT @v_in, @v_out, @v_inout;
```

What is the output of the CALL and SELECT?

A. (0,0,0) and (0,0,0)

B. (0,0,0,) and (0,200,300)

C. (0,NULL,0) and(0,200,300)

D. (0,NULL,0) and (100,200,300)

Correct Answer: A

QUESTION 4

You have two lists of values to correlate.

olorsl			colors2				
id	name	lid	name				
2	red	1 1					
4	blue	1 2	blue				
6	green	1 3	green				
8	gold	1 4	green				
1 10	silver	1 5	blue				
+	++	*	+				

Which query lists all names in colors1 and how many total matches are there in colors2?

A. SELECT colors1 .name.count (colors2.name) FROM colors1. Colors2 WHERE Colors1. Name = (SELECT DISTINCT name FROM colors2 WHERE colors1.name=colors2.name) GROUP BY colorse1.name,

B. SELECT colors1.name, count(colorse2. Name) FROM colorse1 .name =colors2.name WHERE colors1. Name =colors2.name GROUP BY colors1.name,



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C. SELECT colors1. Name count (colors2.name) FROM colors1 INNER JOIN colors2 on colors1. Name =colors2. Name GROUP BY colors1 .name;

D. SELECT colors1.name, count (colors2.name) FROM JOIN colors2 on colors1 .name =colors2.name GROUP BY colors1.name;

E. SELECT colors1.name, count (colors2.name) FROM colors1 RIGHT JOIN colors1 on colors1 .name =colors2.name GROUP BY colors1.name;

Correct Answer: D

QUESTION 5

Consider the statement:

CREATE TABLE t1 (a INT) PARTITION BY KEY

/*150611 ALGORITHM = 1*/

What does this statement do?

A. Create the t1 table partitioned by KEY with the default algorithm in all versions.

B. Create the t1 table partitioned by KEY using algorithm 1 only in MYSQL version 5.6.11 and the default algorithm in other versions.

C. Create the t1 table partitioned by KEY using algorithm 1 only in MYSQL versions 5.6.11 or newer and the default algorithm in older versions.

D. Create the t1 table partitioned by KEY using algorithm 1 only if the preceding statement returned error condition 50611.

Correct Answer: C

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