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Oracle Database 12c: Advanced Administration

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QUESTION 1

In your database, there are tablespaces that were read-only when the last backup was taken. These tablespaces have not been made read/write since then. You want to perform an incomplete recovery on the database by using a backup control file.

What precaution must you take for the read-only tablespaces before performing an incomplete recovery?

- A. All the read-only tablespaces should be taken offline.
- B. All the read-only tablespaces should be restored separately.
- C. All the read-only tablespaces should be renamed to have the MISSINGnnnn format.
- D. All the read-only tablespaces should be made online with logging disabled.

Correct Answer: B

QUESTION 2

A complete database backup to media is taken for your database every day. Which three actions would you take to improve backup performance?

- A. Set the backup_tape_io_slaves parameter to true.
- B. Set the dbwr_io_slaves parameter to a nonzero value if synchronous I/O is in use.
- C. Configure large pool if not already done.
- D. Remove the rate parameter, if specified, in the allocate channel command.
- E. Always use RMAN compression for tape backups rather than the compression provided by media manager.
- F. Always use synchronous I/O for the database.

Correct Answer: BCD

Reference: http://docs.oracle.com/cd/B19306_01/backup.102/b14191/rcmtunin.htm

QUESTION 3

Which three statements are true about Oracle Restart?

- A. It can be configured to automatically attempt to restart various components after a hardware or software failure.
- B. While starting any components, it automatically attempts to start all dependencies first and in proper order.
- C. It can be configured to automatically restart a database in case of normal shutdown of the database instance.
- D. It can be used to only start Oracle components.



E. It runs periodic check operations to monitor the health of Oracle components.

Correct Answer: ABE

Reference:http://docs.oracle.com/cd/E18283_01/server.112/e17120/restart001.htm

QUESTION 4

Your database is running in noarchivelog mode. One of the data files belonging to the system tablespace is corrupted. You notice that all online redo logs have been overwritten since the last backup. Which method would you use to recover the data file?

- A. Shut down the instance if not already shut down, restore all data files belonging to the system tablespace from the last backup, and restart the instance.
- B. Shut down the instance if not already shut down, restore the corrupted data file belonging to the system tablespace from the last backup, and restart the instance.
- C. Shut down the instance if not already shut down, restore all data files for the entire database from the last backup, and restart the instance.
- D. Mount the database, restore all data files belonging to the system tablespace from the last backup, and open the database.

Correct Answer: C

QUESTION 5

Automatic Shared Memory Management (ASMM) is enabled for your database instance, but parameters for the managed components are not defined.

You execute this command:

```
SQL> ALTER SYSTEM SET DB_CACHE_SIZE = 100M;
```

Which statement is true?

- A. The minimum size for the standard buffer cache is 100 MB.
- B. The maximum size for the standard buffer cache is 100 MB.
- C. The minimum space guaranteed in the buffer cache for any server process is 100 MB.
- D. The maximum space in the buffer cache that can be released for dynamic distribution is 100 MB.
- E. The minimum size for all buffer caches is 100 MB.

Correct Answer: D

QUESTION 6



Your database instance is started using an SPFILE. You are connected to cdb\$root, as a DBA. You issue:

```
SQL> ALTER SYSTEM SET STATISTICS_LEVEL=ALL SCOPE=BOTH;
```

Which two statements are true about the statistics level parameter?

- A. It is immediately set to all in the SPFILE and the CDB instance.
- B. It is immediately set to all in only those pluggable databases (PDBs) where the value is set to typical.
- C. It is immediately set to all only for cd3Sroot.
- D. It is immediately set to all in all PDBs where the statistics_level parameter is not set.
- E. It is set to all for all PDBs only in the SPFILE.

Correct Answer: AB

QUESTION 7

On your Oracle 12c database, you invoke SQL*Loader to load data into the employees table in the hr schema by issuing the command:

```
S>sqlldrhr/hr@pdb table=employees
```

Which two statements are true about the command?

- A. It succeeds with default settings if the employees table exists in the hr schema.
- B. It fails because no SQL*Loader data file location is specified.
- C. It fails if the hr user does not have the create any directory privilege.
- D. It fails because no SQL*Loader control file location is specified.
- E. It succeeds and creates the employees table in the HR schema.

Correct Answer: BD

QUESTION 8

Which two are direct benefits of the multiprocess, multithreaded architecture of Oracle Database 12c when it is enabled?

- A. Reduced logical I/O
- B. Reduced virtual memory utilization
- C. Improved Serial Execution performance
- D. Reduced physical I/O
- E. Reduced CPU utilization



Correct Answer: BE

QUESTION 9

Your database is running in archivelog mode. You are taking a backup of your database by using RMAN with a recovery catalog. Because of a media failure, one of the data files and all the control files are lost.

Examine the steps to recover the database:

1. Restore the control files by using the RMAN restore controlfile command.
2. Mount the database.
3. Restore the data files by using the RMAN restore database command.
4. Open the database with the resetlogs option.
5. Recover the data files by using the RMAN recover using backup controlfile command.
- 6.
- Start the database instance in nomount state.
- 7.
- Connect to the target database by using a recovery catalog.
8. Open the database.
9. Restore the data file.
10. Recover the data file.

Identify the required steps in the correct order.

- A. 7, 6, 1, 2, 3, 5, 4
- B. 7, 2, 1, 3, 5, 8
- C. 7, 6, 1, 2, 9, 10, 8
- D. 7, 6, 1, 2, 9, 10, 4

Correct Answer: D

QUESTION 10

Which three requirements must be met before a tablespace can be transported across different platforms?

- A. Both the source and target databases must use the same character set.
- B. The platforms of both the source and target databases must have the same endian format.



- C. The compatible parameter value must be the same in the source and target databases.
- D. The minimum compatibility level for both the source and target databases must be 10.0.0.
- E. The tablespace to be transported must be in read-only mode.

Correct Answer: BCD

QUESTION 11

You are connected to a pluggable database (PDB) as a common user with the sysdba privilege. The PDB is open and you issue the shutdown immediate command. What is the outcome?

- A. The PDB is closed.
- B. The PDB is placed in mount state.
- C. The command executes only if the common user is granted the set container privilege for the PDB.
- D. The command results in an error because the PDB can be shut down only by a local user.

Correct Answer: A

Reference: http://docs.oracle.com/database/121/ADMIN/cdb_pdb_admin.htm#ADMIN13652

QUESTION 12

Your database is running in archivelog mode and a nightly backup of the database, along with an autobackup of the control file, is taken by using RMAN. Because of a media failure, the SPFILE and the control files are lost. Examine the steps to restore the SPFILE and the control file to mount the database:

1. Set D3ID of the target database in RMAN.
2. Start the database instance by using the startup force nomount command in RMAN.
3. Restore the control files from the backup.
4. Mount the database.
5. Restore the SPFILE from the autobackup.
6. Create a PFILE from the recovered SPFILE.
7. Restart the instance in nomount state.

Identify the required steps in the correct order.

- A. 1, 2, 5, 3, 6, 4
- B. 1, 2, 3, 5, 6, 4
- C. 2, 1, 5, 7, 3, 4



D. 2, 1, 5, 6, 7, 4, 3

Correct Answer: C

QUESTION 13

The CATDB12c database contains an Oracle Database 12c catalog schema owned by the rc12c user.

The CATDB11 database contains an Oracle Database 11g catalog schema owned by the RC11 user.

A database with DBID=1423241 is registered in the CATDB11 catalog. Both the recovery catalog databases are open.

In the CATDB12c database, you execute the commands:

Srman

```
RMAN> CONNECT CATALOG rc12c/pass12c8catdb12c
```

```
RMAN> IMPOST CATALOG rc11/pwdcat19catdb11 DBID=1423241;
```

What is the outcome of the import?

- A. It fails because the target database and recovery catalog database are of different versions.
- B. It succeeds and all global scripts in the sc:: catalog that have the same name as existing global scripts in the RC12C catalog are automatically renamed.
- C. It succeeds but the database is not automatically registered in the Rc12c catalog.
- D. It fails because RMAN is not connected to the target database with DBID=1423241.

Correct Answer: B

QUESTION 14

Examine the RMAN commands executed in your database:

```
RMAN>CONFIGUREDEFAULT DEVICE TYPE TO disk;
```

```
RMAN>CONFIGURE DEVICETYPE DISK BACKUP TYPE TO BACKUPSET;
```

```
RKAN> CONFIGURE CONTROLFILE AUTOBACKUP ON;
```

You issue the command:

```
RMAN> BACKUP DATABASE;
```

Which two statements are true about the command?

- A. It performs a log switch.
- B. It creates compressed backup sets by using binary compression by default.



- C. It backs up only the used blocks in data files.
- D. It backs up data files, the control file, and the server parameter file.
- E. It creates a backup of only the control file whenever the database undergoes a structural change.

Correct Answer: BE

QUESTION 15

You want to move your existing recovery catalog to another database.

Examine the steps:

- 1) Export the catalog data by using the Data Pump Export utility in the source database.
- 2) Create a recovery catalog user and grant the necessary privileges in the target database.
- 3) Create a recovery catalog by using the create catalog command.
- 4) Import the catalog data into the new recovery catalog by using the Data Pump Import utility in the target database.
- 5) Import the source recovery catalog schema by using the import catalog command.
- 6) Connect to the destination database.
- 7) Connect as catalog to the destination recovery catalog schema.

Identify the option with the correct sequence for moving the recovery catalog.

- A. 1, 6, 4
- B. 2, 3, 7, 5
- C. 1, 2, 6, 4
- D. 1, 2, 3, 6, 5

Correct Answer: C

QUESTION 16

You wish to create jobs to satisfy these requirements:

1. Automatically bulk load data from a flat file.
2. Rebuild indexes on the SALES table after completion of the bulk load.

How would you create these jobs?

- A. Create both jobs by using Scheduler raised events.
- B. Create both jobs using application raised events.



C. Create one job to rebuild indexes using application raised events and another job to perform bulk load using Scheduler raised events.

D. Create one job to rebuild indexes using Scheduler raised events and another job to perform bulk load by using events raised by the application.

Correct Answer: A

QUESTION 17

You want to reduce fragmentation and reclaim unused space for the sales table but not its dependent objects. During this operation, you want to ensure the following:

i. Long-running queries are not affected.

ii. No extra space is used.

iii. Data manipulation language (DML) operations on the table succeed at all times throughout the process.

iv. Unused space is reclaimed both above and below the high water mark.

Which alter TABLE option would you recommend?

A. DEALLOCATE UNUSED

B. SHRINK SPACE CASCADE

C. SHRINK SPACE COMPACT

D. ROW STORE COMPRESS BASIC

Correct Answer: A

QUESTION 18

Which two statements describe the relationship between a window, a resource plan, and a job class?

A. A window specifies a resource plan that will be activated when that window becomes active.

B. A window specifies a job class that will be activated when that window becomes active.

C. A job class specifies a window that will be open when that job class becomes active.

D. A window in association with a resource plan controls a job class allocation.

E. A window in association with a job class controls a resource allocation.

Correct Answer: AD



QUESTION 19

You want to create a guaranteed restore point for your database by executing the command:

SQL> CREATE RESTORE POINT dbrsp1 GUARANTEE FLASHBACK DATABASE; Identify two prerequisites for the successful execution of this command.

- A. The database must be running in archivelog mode.
- B. Flashback Database must be enabled.
- C. Fast Recovery Area must be enabled.
- D. The recyclebin must be enabled for the database.
- E. Undo retention guarantee must be enabled.
- F. A database backup must be taken.

Correct Answer: AC

Reference: http://docs.oracle.com/cd/B19306_01/backup.102/b14192/rpfbdb002.htm

QUESTION 20

You install "Oracle Grid Infrastructure for a standalone server" on a host on which the orcl1 and orcl2 databases both have their instances running. Which two statements are true?

- A. Both orcl1 and orcl2 are automatically added to the Oracle Restart configuration.
- B. All database listeners running from the database home are automatically added to the Oracle Restart configuration.
- C. The srvct1 add database command must be used to add orcl1 and orcl2 to the Oracle Restart configuration.
- D. The crsctl start has command must be used to start software services for Oracle Automatic Storage Management (ASM) after the "Oracle Grid Infrastructure for a standalone server" installation is complete.
- E. All databases subsequently created by using the Database Configuration Assistant (DBCA) are automatically added to the Oracle Restart configuration.

Correct Answer: CE

Explanation: https://docs.oracle.com/cd/E18283_01/server.112/e17120/restart001.htm

QUESTION 21

Examine the commands:

```
SQL> ALTER SESSION SET RECYCLBIN = ON;
```

Session altered.

```
SQL> DROP TABLE emp; --(First EMP table)
```



Total dropped.

```
SQL> CREATE TABLE emp (id NUMBER CONSTRAINT emp_id_idx PRIMARY KEY, name VARCHAR2 (15), salary NUMBER(7,2) );
```

Table created.

You then execute multiple INSERT statements to insert rows into EMP table and drop the table again:

```
SQL> DROP TABLE emp; -- (Second EMP table)
```

Table dropped.

```
SQL> FLASHBACK TABLE emp TO BEFORE DROP;
```

Which statement is true about the FLASHBACK command?

- A. It recovers the structure, data, and indexes of the first emp table.
- B. It recovers only the structure of the second emp table.
- C. It returns an error because two tables with the same name exist in the recycle bin.
- D. It recovers the structure, data, and indexes of the second emp table.

Correct Answer: A

QUESTION 22

For which two requirements would you use the Database Resource Manager?

- A. limiting the CPU used per database call
- B. specifying the maximum number of concurrent sessions allowed for a user
- C. specifying the amount of private space a session can allocate in the shared pool of the SGA
- D. limiting the degree of parallelism of operations performed by a user or group of users
- E. specifying an idle time limit that applies to sessions that are idle and blocking other sessions

Correct Answer: BE

QUESTION 23

Your database has a table customers that contains the columns cust_name, amt_due, and old_status.

Examine the commands executed and their output:

```
SQL>UPDATEcustomersSETamt_due=amt_due+amt_due*1.
```

```
1WHEREcust_name=\\JAMES\\;
```



1 row updated.

```
SQL> ALTER TABLE customers DROP COLUMN old_status;
```

Table Altered

```
SQL> UPDATE customers SET amt_due=amt_due+amt_due*1.5 WHERE cust_r.ame=\\JAMES\\;
```

1 row updated.

```
SQL> COMMIT;
```

```
SQL> SELECT versions_xid AS XID, versior.s_startscr. AS START_SCN,  
versions_er.cscn AS END_SCN, versior.s_operatior. AS OPERATION\\', amt_due  
FROM customers VERSIONS BETWEEN SCN MINVALUELEAND MAXVALUE WHERE custname=\\JAMES\\;
```

```
XIDSTART_SCNEND_SCNOOPERATIONAMT_DUE
```

```
07002f00cl03000017063371706337 U3300
```

Why is it that only one update is listed by the Flashback Version Query?

- A. Supplemental logging is not enabled for the database.
- B. The undo data that existed for versions of rows before the change to the table structure is invalidated.
- C. The db_flash3ACK_reteni:on_target parameter is set to a lower value and the undo data pertaining to the first transaction is flushed out.
- D. Undo retention guarantee is not enabled.
- E. Flashback Data Archive is full after the first update statement.

Correct Answer: C

QUESTION 24

A telecom company wishes to generate monthly bills to include details of customer calls, listed in order of time of call. Which table organization allows for generating the bills with minimum degree of row sorting?

- A. a hash cluster
- B. an index cluster
- C. a partitioned table
- D. a sorted hash cluster
- E. a heap table with a rowid column

Correct Answer: B



QUESTION 25

As part of a manual upgrade process, after installing the software for Oracle Database 12c and preparing the new Oracle home, you shut down the existing single-instance database.

Which step should you perform next to start the upgrade of the database?

- A. Start up the database instance by using the new location of the server parameter file and run the `catupgst.sql` script to generate informational messages and log files during the upgrade.
- B. Start up the database instance by using the new location of the server parameter file and run the `catup1.pl` script from the new Oracle home to use parallel upgrade options that reduce down time.
- C. Start up the database instance by using the `STARTUP UPGRADE` command and gather fixed object statistics to minimize the time needed for recompilation.
- D. Start up the database instance by using the `STARTUP UPGRADE` command, which opens the existing database, and then performs additional upgrade operations.

Correct Answer: C

QUESTION 26

Which two options can be configured for an existing database by using the Database Configuration Assistant (DBCA)?

- A. Database Resident Connection Pooling
- B. Oracle Suggested Backup Strategy
- C. Database Vault in `ORACLE_HOME`
- D. `Nondefaultblocksize tablespaces`
- E. Configure Label Security

Correct Answer: DE

QUESTION 27

You notice that the performance of your production 24/7 Oracle 12c database has significantly degraded. Sometimes you are not able to connect to the instance because it hangs. You do not want to restart the database instance. How can you detect the cause of the degraded performance?

- A. Enable Memory Access Mode, which reads performance data from SGA.
- B. Use emergency monitoring to fetch data directly from SGA for analysis.
- C. Run Automatic Database Diagnostic Monitor (ADDM) to fetch information from the latest Automatic Workload Repository (AWR) snapshots.
- D. Use Active Session History (ASH) data and hang analysis in regular performance monitoring,
- E. Run ADDM in diagnostic mode.



Correct Answer: C

Explanation: * In most cases, ADDM output should be the first place that a DBA looks when notified of a performance problem.

* Performance degradation of the database occurs when your database was performing optimally in the past, such as 6 months ago, but has gradually degraded to a point where it becomes noticeable to the users. The Automatic Workload Repository (AWR) Compare Periods report enables you to compare database performance between two periods of time.

While an AWR report shows AWR data between two snapshots (or two points in time), the AWR Compare Periods report shows the difference between two periods (or two AWR reports with a total of four snapshots). Using the AWR Compare Periods report helps you to identify detailed performance attributes and configuration settings that differ between two time periods.

Reference: Resolving Performance Degradation Over Time

QUESTION 28

You want to export the pluggable database (PDB) hr_pdb1 from the multitenant container database (CDB) CDB1 and import it into the cdb2 CDB as the emp_pdb1 PDB.

Examine the list of possible steps required to perform the task:

1. Create a PDB named emp_pdb1.
2. Export the hr_pdb1 PDB by using the full clause.
3. Open the emp_pdb1 PDB.
4. Mount the emp_pdb1 PDB.
5. Synchronize the emp_pdb1 PDB in restricted mode.
6. Copy the dump file to the Data Pump directory.
7. Create a Data Pump directory in the emp_pdb1 PDB.
8. Import data into emp_pdb1 with the full and remap clauses.
9. Create the same tablespaces in emp_pdb1 as in hr_pdb1 for new local user objects.

Identify the required steps in the correct order.

- A. 2, 1, 3, 7, 6, and 8
- B. 2, 1, 4, 5, 3, 7, 6, 9, and 8
- C. 2, 1, 3, 7, 6, 9, and 8
- D. 2, 1, 3, 5, 7, 6, and 8

Correct Answer: C



QUESTION 29

Evaluate these statements:

```
CREATE TABLE purchase_orders
```

```
(po_idNUMBER(4),
```

```
po_dateTIMESTAMP,
```

```
supplier_idNUMBER(6),
```

```
po_totalNUMBER(8,2), CONSTRAINT order_pk PRIMARY KEY(po_id)
```

```
PARTITIONBYRANGE(po_date)
```

```
(PARTITIONQ1 VALUESLESSTHAN (TO_DATE('\01-apr-2007\','dd-mon-yyyy\')),
```

```
PARTITIONQ2VALUESLESSTHAN(TO_DATE('\01-jul-2007\','dd-mon-yyyy\')), PARTITIONQ3VALUESLESSTHAN  
(TO~DATE('\01-oct-2007\','dd-non-yyyy\')),
```

```
PARTITIONQ4VALUESLESSTHAN (TO_DATE('\01-jan-2008\','dd-non-yyyy\') ));
```

```
CREATETABLEpurchase_order_items
```

```
(po_idNUMBER(4)NOTNULL,
```

```
product_idNUMBER(6)NOTNULL,
```

```
unit_prIceNUMBER(8,2),
```

```
quantity NUMBER(8),
```

```
CONSTRAINTpo_items_f k
```

```
FOREIGNKEY(po_id)REFERENCSpurchase_orders(po_id) )
```

```
PARTITIONBYREFERENCE(po_items_fk);
```

Which two statements are true?

- A. Partitions of purchase_order_items are assigned unique names based on a sequence.
- B. The purchase_orders and purchase_order_items tables are created with four partitions each.
- C. purchase_order_items table partitions exist in the same tablespaces as the purchase_orders table partitions.
- D. The purchase_order_items table inherits the partitioning key by duplicating the key columns from the parent table.
- E. Partition maintenance operations on the purchase_order_items table require disabling the foreign key constraint.

Correct Answer: CE

QUESTION 30

Examine the output: SQL > ARCHIVE LOGLIST Database log modeArchive Mode Automatic archivalEnabled



Archive Destination USE_DB_RECOVERY_FILE_DEST Oldest online log sequence 376 Next log sequence to archive 378 Current log sequence 378 Which three types of files are automatically placed in the fast recovery area?

- A. Flashback data archives (FDA)
- B. Archived redo log files
- C. Control file autobackups
- D. Server parameter file (SPFILE)
- E. Recovery Manager (RMAN) backup pieces

Correct Answer: BCE

Reference: http://docs.oracle.com/cd/E11882_01/backup.112/e10642/glossary.htm#BRADV

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