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QUESTION 1

Which of the following most accurately describes the regulatory status of pandemic contact-tracing apps in the United States?

- A. Contact tracing is covered exclusively under the Health Insurance Portability and Accountability Act (HIPAA).
- B. Contact tracing is regulated by the U.S. Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC).
- C. Contact tracing is subject to a patchwork of federal and state privacy laws.
- D. Contact tracing is not regulated in the United States.

Correct Answer: C

QUESTION 2

Which federal agency plays a role in privacy policy, but does NOT have regulatory authority?

- A. The Office of the Comptroller of the Currency.
- B. The Federal Communications Commission.
- C. The Department of Transportation.
- D. The Department of Commerce.

Correct Answer: C

QUESTION 3

All of the following organizations are specified as covered entities under the Health Insurance Portability and Accountability Act (HIPAA) EXCEPT?

- A. Healthcare information clearinghouses
- B. Pharmaceutical companies
- C. Healthcare providers
- D. Health plans

Correct Answer: B

Reference: <https://www.hhs.gov/hipaa/for-professionals/covered-entities/index.html>

QUESTION 4

Which of the following is NOT one of three broad categories of products offered by data brokers, as identified by the U.S. Federal Trade Commission (FTC)?

- A. Research (such as information for understanding consumer trends).
- B. Risk mitigation (such as information that may reduce the risk of fraud).
- C. Location of individuals (such as identifying an individual from partial information).
- D. Marketing (such as appending data to customer information that a marketing company already has).

Correct Answer: C

Reference: <https://www.ftc.gov/system/files/documents/reports/data-brokers-call-transparency-accountability-report-federal-trade-commission-may-2014/140527databrokerreport.pdf>

QUESTION 5

Which venture would be subject to the requirements of Section 5 of the Federal Trade Commission Act?

- A. A local nonprofit charity's fundraiser
- B. An online merchant's free shipping offer
- C. A national bank's no-fee checking promotion
- D. A city bus system's frequent rider program

Correct Answer: B

QUESTION 6

Which of the following became the first state to pass a law specifically regulating the collection of biometric data?

- A. California.
- B. Texas.
- C. Illinois.
- D. Washington.

Correct Answer: C

Reference: <https://www.jdsupra.com/legalnews/state-biometric-laws-are-trending-and-2640319/>

QUESTION 7

Your company's most brilliant engineer develops a new Artificial Intelligence (AI) technology he calls OXO-2576. The engineer wants to begin using it to analyze all of the data your company collects about its customers. As the company's privacy professional, you have some privacy concerns about using AI technology with customer data.

Which of the following is the best recommendation to offer the company?

- A. Do not publicize that the company is using AI technology with its customer data.
- B. De-identify the data collected by the AI technology so it cannot be linked to any individuals.
- C. Automate the AI technology so there is no human seeing or handling the customers\' personal information.
- D. Use the AI technology only for employees, as companies are given more leeway when handling employee personal information.

Correct Answer: B

QUESTION 8

If an organization maintains data classified as high sensitivity in the same system as data classified as low sensitivity, which of the following is the most likely outcome?

- A. The organization will still be in compliance with most sector-specific privacy and security laws.
- B. The impact of an organizational data breach will be more severe than if the data had been segregated.
- C. Temporary employees will be able to find the data necessary to fulfill their responsibilities.
- D. The organization will be able to address legal discovery requests efficiently without producing more information than necessary.

Correct Answer: B

Answer: B "Holding all data in one system can increase the consequences of a single breach" Excerpt From: "IAPP_US_TB_US-Private-Sector-Privacy-3E_1.0." Apple Books.

QUESTION 9

A financial services company install "bossware" software on its employees\' remote computers to monitor performance. The software logs screenshots, mouse movements, and keystrokes to determine whether an employee is being productive. The software can also enable the computer webcams to record video footage.

Which of the following would best support an employee claim for an intrusion upon seclusion tort?

- A. The webcam is enabled to record video any time the computer is turned on.
- B. The company creates and saves a biometric template for each employee based upon keystroke dynamics.
- C. The software automatically sends a notification to a supervisor any time the employee\'s mouse is dormant for more than five minutes.
- D. The webcam records video of an employee using a company laptop to perform personal business while at a coffee shop during work hours.

Correct Answer: D

QUESTION 10

U.S.

federal laws protect individuals from employment discrimination based on all of the following EXCEPT?

A.

Age.

B.

Pregnancy.

C.

Marital status.

D.

Genetic information.

Correct Answer: B

QUESTION 11

Even when dealing with an organization subject to the CCPA, California residents are NOT legally entitled to request that the organization do what?

A. Delete their personal information.

B. Correct their personal information.

C. Disclose their personal information to them.

D. Refrain from selling their personal information to third parties.

Correct Answer: B

Reference: <https://www.thsh.com/publications/what-businesses-outside-california-should-know-about-the-california-consumer-privacy-act>

QUESTION 12

One of the most significant elements of Senate Bill No. 260 relating to Internet privacy is the introduction of what term into Nevada law?

A. Data Ethics.

- B. Data Brokers.
- C. Artificial Intelligence.
- D. Transfer Mechanism.

Correct Answer: B

QUESTION 13

Which of the following statements is most accurate in regard to data breach notifications under federal and state laws:

- A. You must notify the Federal Trade Commission (FTC) in addition to affected individuals if over 500 individuals are receiving notice.
- B. When providing an individual with required notice of a data breach, you must identify what personal information was actually or likely compromised.
- C. When you are required to provide an individual with notice of a data breach under any state's law, you must provide the individual with an offer for free credit monitoring.
- D. The only obligations to provide data breach notification are under state law because currently there is no federal law or regulation requiring notice for the breach of personal information.

Correct Answer: B

Reference: <https://www.itgovernanceusa.com/data-breach-notification-laws>

QUESTION 14

When may a financial institution share consumer information with non-affiliated third parties for marketing purposes?

- A. After disclosing information-sharing practices to customers and after giving them an opportunity to opt in.
- B. After disclosing marketing practices to customers and after giving them an opportunity to opt in.
- C. After disclosing information-sharing practices to customers and after giving them an opportunity to opt out.
- D. After disclosing marketing practices to customers and after giving them an opportunity to opt out.

Correct Answer: C

Reference: <https://www.ftc.gov/tips-advice/business-center/guidance/how-comply-privacy-consumer-financial-information-rule-gramm>

QUESTION 15

A law enforcement agency subpoenas the ACME telecommunications company for access to text message records of a person suspected of planning a terrorist attack. The company had previously encrypted its text message records so that only the suspect could access this data.

What law did ACME violate by designing the service to prevent access to the information by a law enforcement agency?

- A. SCA
- B. ECPA
- C. CALEA
- D. USA FREEDOM Act

Correct Answer: C

Reference: <https://www.nap.edu/read/11896/chapter/11#283>

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